# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## **ROKO PROFESSIONAL SURPOR ACID**

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)

2020/878 - Poland

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 : 2012-11-03

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Version : 0.02

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ROKO PROFESSIONAL SURPOR ACID

Chemical name : Mixture.

**UFI** : KAH0-402J-V00M-HH6E

EC number : Mixture.

Other means of identification : Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Cleaner.

#### Uses advised against

Not available.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PCC Consumer Products Kosmet Sp. z o.o., ul. Sienkiewicza 4, 56-120 Brzeg Dolny, Poland

Telephone: +48 71 794 2923; Fax: +48 71 794 2879

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: msds@kosmet.com.pl

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number**: Not available.

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : Telephone: +48 71 794 2555, +48 71 794 2441 (available 24h/day) or +48 71 794

2690 (fax) at PCC Rokita SA or the closest local Fire Brigade

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

1/14

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Read label before use.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response : IF INHALED:

> Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place. Storage

Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

**Hazardous ingredients** : glycollic acid L-Lactic acid

Alcohols, C9-11, branched and linear, ethoxylated

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

#### Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB at a concentration ≥ 0.1% (w/w).

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: The product does not contain components included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, and identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration ≥ 0.1% (w/w).

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
glycollic acid	REACH #: 01-2119485579-17 EC: 201-180-5 CAS: 79-14-1	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1]
L-Lactic acid	REACH #: 01-2119474164-39 EC: 201-196-2 CAS: 79-33-4	<10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
Alcohols, C9-11, branched and linear, ethoxylated	EC: 500-446-0 CAS: 160901-09-7	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
sulphamidic acid	REACH #: 01-2119488633-28 EC: 226-218-8 CAS: 5329-14-6 Index: 016-026-00-0	<3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide (CO) nitrogen oxides

nitrogen oxide sulfur oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
sulphamidic acid	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17,4 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	70,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

# **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical product, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Skin protection**

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Environmental exposure**

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Colorless. Light straw.

Odor : Characteristic. Pleasant.

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Not applicable.Not applicable.

**Flammability**: Non-flammable mixture.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Lack of data.

Flash point : Lack of data.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lack of data.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
L-Lactic acid	400	752	

**Decomposition temperature**: Not applicable.

**pH** : 1

Viscosity : Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Easily soluble
hot water	Easily soluble

Solubility in water : Not applicable.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Relative density : Not applicable.

**Density** : 1,04 to 1,08 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Vapor density : Lack of data.

Explosive properties : Lack of data.

Oxidizing properties : Lack of data.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form

explosive mixtures with air.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

alkalis

**10.6 Hazardous** : sulfur dioxide, sulfur oxides

decomposition products

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
glycollic acid	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1938 mg/kg	-
L-Lactic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	3730 mg/kg	-
sulphamidic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
glycollic acid	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
L-Lactic acid	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C9-11, branched and linear, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
sulphamidic acid	3160	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
glycollic acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
sulphamidic acid	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	ug 120 hours 4 % I	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Corrosive to the skin.

Eyes : Działa żrąco na oczy

**Respiratory**: May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain components included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, and identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$  (w/w).

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
L-Lactic acid	Acute EC50 240000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 320000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
sulphamidic acid	Acute IC10 >1000 mg/l	Micro-organism	16 hours
	Acute LC50 70,3 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 14200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Lack of data.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
glycollic acid	<0.3	-	Low
sulphamidic acid	0,101		Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Lack of data.

**Mobility** 

: This product may move with surface or groundwater flows because its water

solubility is: high

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB at a concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$  (w/w).

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain components included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, and identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$  (w/w).

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional or local authority requirements.

## Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation	
16 03 05*	organic wastes containing hazardous substances	

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)			
Bottle	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances		

#### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265
14.2 UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (glycollic acid)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (sulphamidic acid)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (sulphamidic acid)	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (glycollic acid)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 80

> Limited quantity 1 L Special provisions 274 Tunnel code (E)

**ADN** : Special provisions 274

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-A, S-B

Special provisions 274

**IATA** : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 0,5 L. Packaging instructions: Y840.

Special provisions A3, A803

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not regulated.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		
Mixture.	≥90	3

**Labeling** : Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

DIRECTIVE 2008/68/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 September 2008 on

the inland transport of dangerous goods (ADR, ADN, RID)

IATA /International Air Transport Association/ Dangerous Goods Regulations (ICAO/IATA DGR)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG CODE)

**Explosives precursors** 

: Not applicable.

(1148/2019/EU)

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants (1021/2019/EU)

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**References** : Ordinance of the Minister of

: Ordinance of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 concerning maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of agents harmful to health in a

work environment (Journal of Laws 2018 item 1286).

Act on Chemical Substances and Their Mixtures of 25 February 2011 (Dz. U. /

Journal of Laws/ No. 63, item 322)

Regulation of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy on the general occupational health and safety regulations of 26 September 1997 (Dz. U. /Journal of Laws/ of

2003, No. 169, item 1650 as amended)

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

**Changes to the Safety Data** 

Sheet

: Section 2

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

AOX = Adsorbable Organically Bound Halogens

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

CMR = Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive toxicant

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC number = EINECS or ELINCS number EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

H statement = CLP/GHS Hazard statement IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50 = Median lethal concentration

LD50 = Median lethal dose

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

R phrase = DSD/DPD Risk phrase

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

UN = United Nations

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Justification
	Expert judgment
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

#### Notice to reader

The information contained herein is accurate to the latest knowledge and describes the product from the point of view of help and environmental protection as well as safe handling. The information presented in this SDS refers to the technical product only and will not apply to any processed product. Final determination of the suitability of any materials for the chosen application(s) is the sole responsibility of the user"